TITLE

**AUTHOR: Cleverson José Salasar** 

**ABSTRACT** 

The arquictetonic paints are one of the sources of volatile organic compound's emission

(VOCs) which affect the air quality indoors. These compounds can cause harm to people's

health such as respiratories diseases, neurotoxic and carcinogenic effects, among other

things. Besides, they contribute to troposferic ozone's formation. This study mainly aims at

identifying the difference on VOC's emission of four arquictetonic paints seeking to inform

the users of these products about the problems they can cause to the environment,

occupational health and population's welfare. The results show that paints which contain

organic solvent release 520 times more VOCs than those which contain water - low odour,

compared in liquid condition. These results show that a wide discussion about this subject

must be started in order to reduce these emissions that can cause damage to the society.

**Keywords:** VOCs, arquitetonic paints, troposferic ozone, indoor air quality.